



DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY
INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20224

AUG 22 2016

TAX EXEMPT AND
GOVERNMENT ENTITIES
DIVISION

Uniform Issue List: 408.03-00

SETTLEMENT

Legend

Taxpayer A =

IRA B =

Non-IRA Account C =

Financial Institution D =

Financial Institution E =

Amount 1 =

Amount 2 =

Dear :

This is in response to your request dated May 14, 2016, in which you request a waiver of the 60-day rollover requirement contained in section 408(d)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code").

The following facts and representations have been submitted under penalty of perjury in support of the ruling requested.

Taxpayer A represents that he received distributions of Amount 1 and Amount 2 from IRA B, which was maintained by Financial Institution D. Taxpayer A represents that the failure to accomplish a rollover within the 60-day period

prescribed by section 408(d)(3)(A) of the Code was due to Taxpayer A's cognitive impairment.

On March 10, 2015, Taxpayer A took a distribution from IRA B totaling Amount 1. On March 12, 2015, Amount 1 was deposited into Taxpayer A's non-IRA savings account, Non-IRA Account C, which was maintained by Financial Institution E. On March 30, 2015, Taxpayer A withdrew Amount 2 from IRA B, which he also deposited into a non-IRA account with Financial Institution E.

Taxpayer A represents that, due to memory loss and confusion, he did not understand the implications of withdrawing Amount 1 and Amount 2 from IRA B and depositing these amounts into a non-IRA account. Taxpayer A represents that his symptoms of cognitive impairment began in 2010 and became more prominent beginning in January of 2015. Taxpayer A submitted supporting medical documentation. Taxpayer A represents that Amount 1 and Amount 2 have not been used for any other purpose.

Based on the above facts and representations, Taxpayer A requests a waiver of the 60-day rollover requirement with respect to the distributions of Amount 1 and Amount 2 from IRA B.

Section 408(a) of the Code defines an IRA to mean a trust created or organized in the United States, and requires that the trustee be a bank or an approved non-bank trustee.

Section 408(d)(1) of the Code provides that, except as otherwise provided in section 408(d), any amount paid or distributed out of an IRA shall be included in gross income by the payee or distributee, as the case may be, in the manner provided under section 72.

Section 408(d)(3) of the Code provides the rules applicable to IRA rollovers.

Section 408(d)(3)(A) of the Code provides that section 408(d)(1) does not apply to any amount paid or distributed out of an IRA to the individual for whose benefit the IRA is maintained if:

(i) the entire amount received (including money or any other property) is paid into an IRA for the benefit of such individual not later than the 60th day after the day on which the individual receives the payment or distribution; or

(ii) the entire amount received (including money and any other property) is paid into an eligible retirement plan (other than an IRA) for the benefit of such individual not later than the 60th day after the date on which the payment or distribution is received, except that the maximum amount which may be paid into such plan may not exceed the portion of the amount received which is includible in gross income (determined without regard to section 408(d)(3)).

Section 408(d)(3)(B) of the Code provides that section 408(d)(3) does not apply to any amount described in section 408(d)(3)(A)(i) received by an individual from an IRA if at any time during the 1-year period ending on the day of such receipt such individual received any other amount described in section 408(d)(3)(A)(i) from an IRA which was not includible in gross income because of the application of section 408(d)(3).

Section 408(d)(3)(D) of the Code provides a similar 60-day rollover period for partial rollovers.

Section 408(d)(3)(E) of the Code provides that the rollover provisions of section 408(d) do not apply to any amount required to be distributed under section 408(a)(6).

Section 408(d)(3)(I) of the Code provides that the Secretary of the Treasury may waive the 60-day requirement under sections 408(d)(3)(A) and 408(d)(3)(D) where the failure to waive such requirement would be against equity or good conscience, including casualty, disaster, or other events beyond the reasonable control of the individual subject to such requirement.

Rev. Proc. 2003-16, 2003-4 I.R.B. 359, provides that the Service will issue a ruling waiving the 60-day rollover requirement in cases where the failure to waive such requirement would be against equity or good conscience, including casualty, disaster or other events beyond the reasonable control of the taxpayer. In determining whether to grant a waiver of the 60-day rollover requirement pursuant to section 408(d)(3)(I) of the Code, the Service will consider all relevant facts and circumstances, including: (1) errors committed by a financial institution; (2) inability to complete a rollover due to death, disability, hospitalization, incarceration, restrictions imposed by a foreign country or postal error; (3) the use of the amount distributed (for example, in the case of payment by check, whether the check was cashed); and (4) the time elapsed since the distribution occurred.

Regarding the distribution of Amount 1, the information and documentation submitted are consistent with Taxpayer A's assertion that his failure to accomplish a rollover of Amount 1 within the 60-day period prescribed by section 408(d)(3)(A) of the Code was due to cognitive impairment.

Therefore, pursuant to section 408(d)(3)(I) of the Code, the Service waives the 60-day rollover requirement with respect to the distribution equal to Amount 1 from IRA B. Provided all other requirements of section 408(d)(3), except the 60-day requirement, will be met with respect to the contribution of Amount 1 to an IRA, such contribution will be considered rollover contribution within the meaning of section 408(d)(3).

As indicated above, section 408(d)(3)(B) imposes a 1-year limitation on IRA to IRA rollovers. Thus, Amount 2 cannot be rolled over into an IRA.

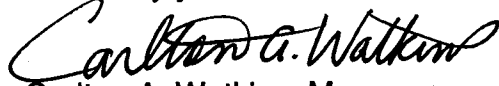
This ruling does not authorize the rollover of amounts that are required to be distributed by section 408(a)(6) of the Code.

No opinion is expressed as to the tax treatment of the transaction described herein under the provisions of any other section of either the Code or regulations which may be applicable thereto.

This letter is directed only to the taxpayer who requested it. Section 6110(k)(3) of the Code provides that it may not be used or cited as precedent.

If you wish to inquire about this ruling, please contact
at . Please address all correspondence to SE:T:EP:RA:T1.

Sincerely yours,



Carlton A. Watkins, Manager
Employee Plans Technical Group 1

Enclosures:

Notice of Intention to Disclose
Deleted copy of this letter